Mount Pleasant Township
Wayne County, Pennsylvania

SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE

Prepared by:
Mount Pleasant Township Planning Commission

With the assistance of:
Shepstone Management Company
100 Fourth Street
Honesdale, PA 18431
(717) 251-9550
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CHAPTER ONE - GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEFINITIONS AND PROCEDURES

Article I - General Provisions

§ 100-01. Title and Short Title.

This is an Ordinance providing for the regulation of land developments and subdivisions within the Township of Mount Pleasant, Wayne County, Pennsylvania. It may be cited as the "Mount Pleasant Township Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance" or as the "Mount Pleasant Township Subdivision and Land Development Regulations".

§ 100-02. Authority.

This Ordinance is adopted under the authority provided Mount Pleasant Township by the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Act 247 of 1968 as amended.

§ 100-03. Purposes.

This Ordinance is adopted for the following purposes;

A. Promoting the orderly growth and development of the Township.

B. Providing for the health, safety, and welfare, of Township residents and preservation of the natural environment.

C. Minimizing the need for new public improvements, foreseeable maintenance problems and other economic burdens associated with the development of land.

§ 100-04. Jurisdiction.

This Ordinance shall apply to all subdivisions of land and land developments made on or after the effective date of the Ordinance and not yet recorded, including mobile home parks, recreational land developments and other land developments as defined herein.

§ 100-05. Interpretations, Conflict and Separability.

A. The provisions of these regulations in their interpretation and application shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety, and general welfare.

B. These regulations are not intended to interfere with, abrogate, or annul any other Ordinance rule or regulation statute or provision of law. Where any of the provisions of these regulations impose restrictions different than any other Ordinance rule or regulations or other provision of law, whichever provisions are more restrictive or impose higher standards shall control. This Ordinance, shall repeal the ordinance entitled "Mount Pleasant Township Subdivision Ordinance" which was adopted February 4, 1974 and all amendments thereto previous to the enactment of this Ordinance.
C. If any part or provision of these regulations is judged invalid by any Court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall be confined in application to the part or provision directly on which judgment shall have been rendered and shall not affect or impair the validity of the remainder of these Regulations or the application thereof to other persons or circumstances. The Township hereby declares that it would have enacted the remainder of these regulations even without such part or provision or application.

§ 100-06. Variations.

A. The Township Supervisors shall have the power to authorize waivers and modifications of the requirements of these regulations.

B. Applications for such waivers and modifications shall be submitted in writing by the subdivider at the time the preliminary plan is filed except in cases where a waiver of modification is proved necessary at a later date by construction conditions or other changes in situation or is advised by the Township. The application shall state fully the grounds on which it is based and all the facts relied upon by the subdivider.

C. The Township Board of Supervisors may, by resolution, authorize a waiver of these regulations when, in its opinion, unreasonable hardship will result from strict compliance therewith, subject, however, to the provisions of the following:

(1) Waiver applications shall, in those instances where either the applicant so requests or the Township determines the waiver if granted could have an impact on adjoining properties, be subjected to a public hearing pursuant to public notice. The person applying for a variation shall in such cases pay to the Township Secretary, in advance, such sum as provided for by resolution of the Township Board of Supervisors setting forth fees.

(2) Any resolution of the Township Supervisors authorizing a waiver of these regulations shall state in it the reasons on which the Board of Supervisors bases its finding that unreasonable hardship will result from strict compliance with these regulations.

D. In authorizing a waiver, the Board of Supervisors may attach conditions and require such guarantee or bond as it may deem necessary to assure compliance with the objectives of these regulations. Waivers may be granted only where the following conditions occur;

(1) There is no reasonable possibility, because of unique physical circumstances, of developing the property in strict conformity with the provisions of these regulations.

(2) The above hardship would be unique and not shared by other properties in the immediate vicinity.

(3) The waiver would not change the character of the area and would preserve the purpose and intent of these regulations.
§ 100-07. Appeals.

In any case when the Township Board of Supervisors disapproves a subdivision plan, any person aggrieved thereby may appeal the decision pursuant to the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

§ 100-08. Violations and Penalties.

Any person, partnership, or corporation who or which violates the provisions of this Ordinance shall be subject to the full range of enforcement remedies provided to the Township under the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code. The description by metes and bounds, or the lack thereof, in one instrument or transfer or other documents used in the process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the seller or transferee of rights to develop land from such penalties or from the remedies therein provided. The Township Board of Supervisors may also initiate and maintain civil action:

A. To obtain a writ of injunction against the subdivider who attempts the improper sale, lease, or conveyance of land.

B. To set aside and invalidate any conveyance of land made prior to recording of any subdivision.

Nothing herein shall prevent the Township from taking such other action necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

§ 100-09. Amendments.

The Supervisors may, after public hearing, amend these regulations pursuant to the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code. These regulations shall also be considered amended whenever any provision of the aforementioned Code is itself amended to require or authorize actions different from those specified herein.

§ 100-10. Municipal Liability.

The approval of a subdivision and/or land development plat, or of any improvement installed, shall not constitute a representation, guarantee, or warranty of any nature by the municipality or any official, employee, or appointee thereof, of the safety of any land, improvement, property or use from any cause whatsoever, and shall create no liability upon, or a cause of action against the municipality or such official, employee or appointee for any damage that may result pursuant thereto.

§ 100-11. Enactment and Effective Date.

BE IT ENACTED, into law this __th day of ________________, 1997 to be effective five (5) days following.
Article II - Definitions

§ 100-12. General.

As used in these Regulations, words in the singular include the plural and those in the plural include the singular. The words "shall" and "will" for the purpose of these Regulations are defined as mandatory.

For the purpose of these Regulations, the following terms shall be considered interchangeable:

A. The words Ordinance and regulation(s)
B. The terms Township and Mount Pleasant Township
C. The terms subdivider and developer; subdivision, development and land development

Unless otherwise expressly stated, the following definitions shall, for the purpose of these Regulations, have the meaning herein indicated. Any pertinent word or term not a part of this listing shall be construed to have its legal definition.


The following is a list of specific terms, found elsewhere in the Ordinance, along with definitions of their intended meaning:

Alley - A permanent service way providing a secondary means of access to abutting lands.

All-Weather Surface - The surfacing of a street, parking area, access or walkway to a mud-free or otherwise permanently passable condition during all seasons of the year and under adverse weather conditions. Macadam, gravel, crushed stone or other state-approved surfaces will all suffice to meet this test but the depth and installation of the material shall be subject to the approval of the Township Engineer.

Applicant - A landowner or developer, as hereinafter defined, who has filed an application for development, including his heirs, successors and assigns.

Berm or Shoulder - That portion of a roadway between the outer edge of the traveled way or pavement and the point of intersection of the slope lines at the outer edge of the roadway, for the accommodation of stopped vehicles and for lateral support.

Block - A tract of land or a lot or group of lots bounded by streets, public parks, railroad rights-of-way, watercourses, bodies of water, boundary lines of the Township, or by any combination of the above.

Building - A structure formed of any combination of materials which is erected on the ground and permanently affixed thereto, and designed, intended or arranged for the housing, shelter, enclosure or structural support of persons, animals, or property of any kind. A multi-family building divided by unpierced masonry walls extending from the ground to the underside of the roof shall not be deemed to be more than one (1) building for the purpose of this Ordinance.
Campsite - A lot within a recreational land development used for tent camping or as a site for recreational vehicles; or a tract of land otherwise offered by the developer or operator through sale, lease, rent, membership or other means, for camping purposes. Campsites in transient developments may be clustered and not necessarily specifically defined, however, provided the gross density does not exceed that permitted herein.

Clear Sight Triangle - An area of unobstructed vision at a street intersection(s), defined by lines of sight between points at a given distance from the intersecting street right-of-way lines.

Commonwealth - The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and any of its Departments or agencies.

Common Open Space - A parcel or parcels of land or an area of water, or a combination of land and water, within a development site and designed and intended for the use or enjoyment of residents of the development. It does not include streets, off-street parking areas and areas set aside for utility placement, rights-of-way or similar public facilities.

Common Property - All of the land and improvements part of a subdivision or land development which is to be jointly owned and maintained by the lot owners, lessees and/or members of the development and identified as such by the subdivider on any plan offered to the Township for approval.

Conservation Development - A form of development for single-family residential subdivisions that permits a reduction in lot area and other development standards, provided there is no increase in the number of lots permitted under a conventional subdivision and the resultant extra land is devoted to open space.

County - The County of Wayne, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and its Planning Department.

Cul-de-sac - A minor street providing a single access to a group of lots with a turn-about area at the end of such street.

DEP - The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

Developer - The owner, or authorized agent of the owner; including but not limited to, any individual, partnership or corporation that undertakes a subdivision or land development or any of the activities covered by this Ordinance, particularly the preparation of a subdivision plan showing the layout of the land and the public improvements involved therein. The term "developer" is intended to include the term "subdivider," even though the personnel involved in successive stages of this project may vary.

Driveway - A defined private access from an individual lot to a public or approved private right-of-way.

Dwelling - A building arranged, intended, designed, or used, as the living quarters for one or more families living independently of each other upon the premises. The term "dwelling" shall not be deemed to include hotel, motel, rooming house or tourist home.

A. Single-Family: A building arranged, designed and intended, for and occupied exclusively by, one family.

B. Two-Family: A building arranged, designed and intended for and occupied by two families living independently.
C. Multi-family: A building arranged, designed and intended for and occupied by three (3) or more families living independently and having no cooking or sanitary facilities in common with any other dwelling unit; including apartment houses, apartment hotels, flats and garden apartments.

Easement - A right-of-way granted, but not dedicated, for limited use of private land for a public or quasi-public or private purpose, and within which the lessee or owner of the property shall not erect any permanent structure, but shall have the right to make any other use of the land which is not inconsistent with the rights of the grantee.

Filing Date - The date of the regular meeting of the Planning Commission next following the date an application for preliminary or final approval of a subdivision or land development is received by the Planning Commission Secretary. If said next regular meeting occurs more than thirty days following its receipt, the filing date shall be the thirtieth day following its receipt by the Secretary. Submissions lacking information required by this Ordinance will not be considered filed.

Frontage - That side of a lot abutting on a street or way and ordinarily regarded as the front lot, but it shall not be considered as the ordinary side of a corner lot.

Interior Streets (Access Drives) - Streets intended to provide access to lots bordering a public right-of-way to which access has been limited of prohibited, and generally running parallel to such right-of-way.

Land Development - either of the following activities:

A. The improvement of one lot or two or more contiguous lots, tracts or parcels of land for any purpose involving:

   (1) a group of two or more residential or nonresidential buildings, whether proposed initially or cumulatively, or a single nonresidential building on a lot or lots regardless of the number of occupants or tenure; or

   (2) the division or allocation of land or space, whether initially or cumulatively, between or among two or more existing or prospective occupants by means of, or for the purpose of streets, common areas, leaseholds, condominiums, building groups or other features.

B. A subdivision of land.

Lot - A tract or parcel of land held in single or joint ownership, not necessarily shown on a duly recorded map, which is occupied or capable of being occupied by buildings, structures and accessory buildings, including such open spaces as are arranged, designed, or required. The term lot shall also mean parcel, plot, site, or any similar term.

A. Lot Area - The area of land contained within the limits of the property lines bounding that lot.

B. Lot Width - The average of the widths of a lot at the building setback line and the rear lot line.

Major Subdivision - Any subdivision or land development which is not a minor subdivision, or is a recreational subdivision or land development, a mobile home park, or a land development designed to
accommodate commercial and industrial uses, multi-family dwellings or two-family dwellings. Any subdivision which involves the utilization of off-site sewage disposal systems or water supplies, the construction of any streets, or the utilization of clustering techniques shall also be considered a major subdivision, regardless of the number of lots or other considerations.

**Minor Subdivision** - A subdivision or development containing not more than ten lots, or a cumulative development on a lot-by-lot basis for a total of ten lots, of any original tract of land of record (i.e., not previously subdivided or developed subsequent to the effective date of this Ordinance, by the owner or the owner's duly appointed agent) where no new streets or accesses are required. Use of the land is limited to a single-family dwelling. Minor subdivisions shall otherwise meet the definition of a "Supplement to the Township Official Plan" as provided for in Chapter 71 of the Regulations of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection.

**Mobile Home** - A transportable, single family dwelling intended for permanent occupancy, office or place of assembly contained in one unit, or in two units designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of again being separated for repeated towing, which arrives at a site complete and ready for occupancy except for minor and incidental unpacking and assembly operations. The term Mobile Home shall not include recreational vehicles or any unit of less than forty feet in length or ten feet in width.

**Mobile Home Lot** - A parcel of land in a mobile home park, with the necessary utility connections and other appurtenances necessary for the erection thereon of a single mobile home.

**Mobile Home Park** - A parcel of land or contiguous parcels of land which has been planned and improved for the placement of two or more mobile homes for non-transient use.

**Mobile Home Site** - That part of an individual lot which has been reserved for the placement of the mobile home, appertaining structures or additions.

**Official Wastewater Disposal Plan** - A comprehensive plan for the provision of adequate sewage systems, adopted by a municipality or municipalities possessing authority or jurisdiction over the provision of such systems, and submitted to and approved by the State Department of Environmental Protection, as provided by the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act and Chapter 71, Rules and Regulations, promulgated thereunder.

**Off-site Sewage Disposal System** - A sewage system designed to serve more than one dwelling unit or building; not including the use of a single disposal system for two dwellings on the same parcel of land.

**Off-site Water Supply** - A water supply system designed to serve more than one dwelling unit or building; not including the use of a single well for two dwellings in the same lot.

**On-site Sewage Disposal System** - Any sewage system designed to treat sewage by subsurface means within the boundaries of an individual lot.

**On-site Water Supply System** - Any water supply system designed to provide water by means of a well within the boundaries of the lot being served.

**Parcel** - An area of land resulting from the division of a tract of land for the purposes of transfer of ownership, use or improvement.
Pavement - Improvement of the traveled portion of a roadway with a hard, solid surface material conforming to the standards of the Mount Pleasant Township Road Ordinance.

Performance or Completion Guarantee - A surety bond, certified check or other security meeting the requirements of Act 247 (Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code), and the terms of which are satisfactory to the Township Solicitor, guaranteeing the subdivider will install all required or planned improvements.

Person - Any individual, firm, trust, partnership, public or private association or corporation, or other entity.

Plan or Plot - A map or chart indicating the subdivision or re-subdivision of land, which in its various stages of preparation can include the following:

A. Sketch Plan - An informal plan, identified as such with the title "Sketch Plan" on the map, indicating salient existing features of a tract and its surroundings and the general layout of the proposed subdivision, to be used as a basis for consideration by the Township.

B. Preliminary Plan - A complete plan prepared by a registered professional engineer or registered surveyor, identified as such with the wording "Preliminary Plan" in the title, accurately showing proposed streets and lot layout and such other information as required by this Ordinance.

C. Final Plan - A complete and exact plan, identified as such with the wording "Final Plan" in the title, with professional engineer's or registered surveyor's seal affixed, and prepared for official recording

Subdivision - the division or redivision of a lot, tract or parcel of land by any means into two or more lots, tracts, parcels or other divisions of land including changes in existing lot lines for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of lease, partition by the court for distribution to heirs or divisees, transfer of ownership or building or lot development: Provided, however, that the subdivision by lease of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of more than ten acres, not involving any new street or easement of access or any residential dwelling, shall be exempted.

Supervisors, Board of - The Mount Pleasant Township Board of Supervisors.

Surveyor - A registered land surveyor licensed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Township - Mount Pleasant Township, Wayne County, Pennsylvania.

Township Engineer - A Professional Engineer licensed as such by the Commonwealth and appointed or hired on a consulting basis to provide engineering advice to the Township.

Watercourse - A discernible, definable natural course or channel along which water is conveyed ultimately to streams and/or rivers at lower elevations. A watercourse may originate from a lake or underground spring(s) and be permanent in nature, or it may originate from temporary sources such as runoff from rain or melting snow.
§ 100-14. Procedures and Requirements for Minor Land Developments and Subdivisions.

The following procedures and requirements shall apply to minor subdivisions only (See Definitions). All other subdivisions and re-subdivisions, regardless of the total number of lots involved, shall be processed as major subdivisions according to the procedures and requirements specified in Sections 100-15-100-15 of this Ordinance. Minor subdivisions shall not be subject to these particular requirements, but shall comply with the remainder of this Ordinance.

A. Any person proposing to create a minor subdivision shall submit along with plans required in 100-15 below, seven (7) copies of an application for minor subdivision approval. This application may be in letter form and shall specify and/or include:

1. The name, address and telephone number of the property owner of record and those of the subdivider, if different.

2. The name or number of the road where the proposed subdivision is to be located.

3. The name, address and telephone number of the surveyor or engineer preparing the subdivision plans.

4. The type of water supply proposed.

5. The type of sewer system proposed and permit number, if granted. Should an existing system be proposed for a new use of greater intensity than the previous use, a Professional Engineer or Certified Pennsylvania Sewage Enforcement Officer shall have first determined such system is adequate to accommodate the additional wastewater flow and documents to this effect shall be submitted.

6. Fee or receipt for the same from the Township Secretary

B. The subdivider shall submit seven (7) copies of the Final Plan and required supplementary data for the proposed subdivision. This plan shall be prepared by a Professional Engineer or Registered Surveyor and shall show all the lots proposed to be created. The Final Plan and supplementary data shall meet the following requirements:

1. The map shall when possible be drawn at a size compatible with Wayne County tax maps and shall be not less than 8 1/2" X 11" nor more than 24" X 36" in size.

2. The names of all abutting property owners, including deed references and tax map numbers, and the size of any remaining acreages in the tract from which lots are being taken shall be shown.

3. The map shall show the name of the municipality and County, name of the existing owner of record, North Point, graphic scale, and date.
(4) Soil types found on the site shall be shown unless the lots involved are lot improvements or contain existing sewage systems. Soil Conservation Service Classifications shall be used.

(5) Existing public roads shall be identified by traffic or legislative route numbers and private roads by their posted names and numbers.

(6) Proposed lot or parcel lines shall be drawn to scale and dimensions given in feet and hundredths of a foot. Lot areas shall be shown in acres or square feet. The map shall depict the proposed subdivision as a part of the contiguous holdings of the subdivider, and show adjacent lots already taken from the parcel.

(7) A Planning Module for Land Development (or such other comparable documentation as may be required by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection), along with a soils evaluation by the test pit method and/or other required supplemental data shall be reviewed by the Township Sewage Enforcement Officer and submitted in a form suitable for adoption by the Township as a supplement to the Township Official Wastewater Disposal Plan.

(8) A completed application to either Mount Pleasant Township or the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation, as the case may be, for a street encroachment or highway occupancy permit.

(9) A location map inset at a scale of 1" = 2000' shall be provided.

(10) Building setback lines shall be depicted geographically or listed.

C. The subdivider shall submit the application for minor subdivision approval, along with the required copies of the plan, to the Township Planning Commission at the Commission's monthly meeting. The Planning Commission shall note receipt of the application, collect any fees due and, where appropriate, forward a copy of the application to the Township code enforcement officer(s) Township Engineer, Township Supervisors, Wayne Conservation District, and other agencies for analysis of its compatibility with this and other Mount Pleasant Township Ordinances. (Checks shall be made payable to the Mount Pleasant Township Board of Supervisors)

A copy of the application shall also be forwarded, at the time of receipt by the Township, to the Wayne County Planning Department for a review and report not to exceed 30 days as per the requirements of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code together with a fee sufficient to cover the costs of the review, which fee shall be paid by the applicant. (Checks shall be made payable to the Wayne County Planning Department)

The Township Planning Commission and Engineer shall prepare a report on the application no later than thirty 30 days following receipt of the same, unless the application is determined to be incomplete and is not accepted for filing. Incomplete applications shall be returned to applicants by the Planning Commission with or without the other review agencies' advice, and shall be accompanied by a written explanation of the items which are missing.

All reviewing agencies shall make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors, which recommendations shall be in letter form or noted on the plats submitted.
The Supervisors shall act no later than ninety (90) days following the filing date.

The Supervisors shall concurrently act on the proposed supplement to the Official Wastewater Disposal Plan and shall communicate their decision in writing to the applicant within fifteen (15) days following the action (within ninety (90) days following the filing date), setting forth any reasons for disapproval if that should be their decision.

§ 100-15. Procedures and Requirements for Major Land Developments and Subdivisions.

A. A Sketch Plan may be submitted to the Township by the owner of any land to be subdivided or developed, for the purpose of classification and preliminary discussion of the proposed subdivision or land development. No action will be taken by the Township with respect to a Sketch Plan and no discussions concerning the same shall later be construed to have implied approval of any sort.

B. Sketch planning shall be mandatory for all major subdivisions and land developments involving more than ten (10) housing units or residential lots. Two (2) such plans shall be prepared by the developer - one depicting a conventional layout according to the standards of Section 100-24 herein and the other illustrating a clustered open space design development as provided in Section 100-37. The Planning Commission shall use the former, and professional advice at its disposal, to determine net density possible with conventional development and use this figure as a basis for determining net density for the clustered/open space design development. Should the developer then opt to pursue such a clustered/open space design development, the Commission may recommend and the Board of Supervisors may accept, adjusting of the standards contained herein to allow such development without necessitating a formal waiver.

C. Nine (9) copies of an application and Preliminary Plan shall be required for all proposed major subdivisions and land developments. The Preliminary Plan shall include all the items identified in Section 100-17 below and shall be submitted at least 10 days prior to a regular meeting of the Township to the Township Secretary who shall note receipt of the application and collect any fees due and forward a copy to the Township code enforcement officer(s) for analysis of compatibility with other Mount Pleasant Township Ordinances. Copies shall be distributed in the manner provided for minor subdivisions. (Checks shall be made payable to the Mount Pleasant Township Board of Supervisors)

A copy of the application shall also be forwarded, at the time of receipt by the Township, to the Wayne County Planning Department for a review and report not to exceed 30 days as per the requirements of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code together with a fee sufficient to cover the costs of the review, which fee shall be paid by the applicant. (Checks shall be made payable to the Wayne County Planning Department)

The Township Engineer and planning commission shall review the Preliminary Plan to ascertain whether it complies with the requirements of this Ordinance. It may request the subdivider to submit additional information, make certain corrections or changes, or advise the Township Secretary to return the Plan as incomplete and, therefore, not acceptable for filing.

The review agencies (other than the Wayne County Planning Department) shall, no later than forty-five (45) days following the filing date, make its recommendation for approval or disapproval and submit a report to the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors shall make its decision regarding the
Preliminary Plan within thirty (30) days of its receipt of the reports and communicate that decision in writing to the applicant within fifteen (15) days, (90 days total from the filing date) setting forth any reasons for disapproval, should that be the decision.

The Board shall concurrently make its decision with respect to the Planning Module for Land Development to revise or supplement its Official Plan and, if approval is granted, said revision or supplement will promptly be forwarded to DEP. Preliminary approval shall be conditional upon DEP acceptance of the proposed revision.

After receiving approval of a Preliminary Plan, (or when conditions are removed), the subdivider shall install or guarantee installation of the improvements required by this Ordinance and commence the preparation of Final Plans. In the absence of actual installation of improvements, the subdivider may otherwise guarantee them according to the requirements of Section100-18.

D. Final Plan Procedures.

Following the installation and inspection of improvements or preparation of satisfactory guarantees for their installation and maintenance, the subdivider may submit Final Plans to the Township, which shall be processed in the same manner as Preliminary Plans. Final Plans may be submitted in stages. However, no Preliminary Plan (or portions of such Plan) shall remain valid for development of Final Plans after a period of five years from Preliminary Approval and no Final Plans will be accepted for any subdivision or land development for which DEP has not approved the necessary revision to the Official Wastewater Disposal Plan.

Following approval of the Final Plan by the Board of Supervisors the subdivider shall, within ninety (90) days, officially record the Final Plan in the Office of the Wayne County Recorder of Deeds. Failure to do so will render the plan void and the subdivider shall resubmit the Plan for approval including any filing fees required.

§ 100-16. Sketch Plans for Major Land Developments and Subdivisions.

The Sketch Plan should be at a scale sufficient to show the entire tract on one sheet, and should show or include the following:

A. The location of that portion which is to be subdivided in relation to the entire tract.

B. All existing structures and wooded areas within the portion to be subdivided.

C. The name of the owner and of all adjoining property owners as disclosed by the most recent deed or tax records.

D. All streets or roads, streams, water, sewage and gas and power lines within 500 feet of the subdivision.

E. The tentative layout of the remainder of the tract owned by the subdivider.

F. North Point, graphic scale, date and name/address of subdivider and landowner.
G. A location map with sufficient information to enable the locating of the property.

§ 100-17. Preliminary Plan Requirements for Major Land Developments and Subdivisions.

The Preliminary Plan shall be clearly and legibly drawn at a scale compatible with Wayne County tax maps. Maps shall be not less than 11" X 17" nor more than 24" X 36" in size and should, when possible, show the entire tract to be divided.

The Plans and accompany supplementary data shall contain the following information:

A. Proposed name of the subdivision. This name shall not duplicate in spelling or pronunciation any recorded subdivision within Wayne County. The name and address of the present landowner as well as subdivider (if different) shall also be provided.

B. Location by municipality and County. The plan shall also include tax map numbers for affected and adjacent parcels and a 1" = 2000' location map.

C. North point, date and graphic scale.

D. Boundaries of total tract and acreage contained within it.

E. Locations, names and widths of rights-of-way of all streets, widths of utility rights-of-way, parks and public grounds, permanent buildings in, or adjacent to the subdivision which will have an effect on the design, and all open space easements.

F. Approximate locations of existing sanitary sewers, public water mains, storm sewers, electric power and transmission lines, gas lines, and all other items above or below ground with direction of flow and pressure.

G. Names of owners of abutting properties with deed book references, and lines showing where they intersect.

H. Existing contours at intervals of at least every twenty feet. U.S.G.S. maps may suffice for the basis of this item. The Township reserves the right to request greater detail when the scope or nature of the development demands the same.

I. Proposed layout of streets, alleys and other public rights-of-way, including widths and proposed names which shall not duplicate existing names by spelling or pronunciation. The street proposals shall be accompanied by a submission of plans as required by the Township Road and Highway Occupancy Ordinances, including profiles, cross-sections, and preliminary designs for bridges and culverts.

J. The proposed layout, numbering and approximate dimensions and acreage of lots.

K. Parcels to be dedicated to the public, or reserved for their use, or to be reserved by covenant for residents, shall be shown and marked as such.
L. Building setback lines. Where lots are located on a curve, or side lines are not parallel, the width at
the building line shall be shown.

M. All drainage easements shall be shown and marked as such.

N. Approximate final grades in areas of cut or fill shall be shown.

O. Any lots designated for uses other than residential shall be indicated.

P. Proposed covenants and restrictions.

Q. Evidence of water supply. In cases where no public water supply is planned as part of the subdivision,
the subdivider shall supply acceptable evidence of the availability of other potable water source. This
evidence may be in the form of logs from test wells by the subdivider, or logs from existing wells
established by professional well drillers.

R. The subdivider shall present a letter from each utility company servicing the area indicating that the
utility company is aware of and will provide service to the proposed subdivision.

S. Erosion and sedimentation plan prepared in cooperation with the Wayne County Conservation District
(where required).

T. Storm water management plan prepared in compliance with Section 100-29 of this Ordinance, entitled
"Storm Drainage."

U. Planning Module for Land Development, along with all information required in order to approve as a
revision or supplement to the Official Plan.

V. Completed applications to Mount Pleasant Township and/or the Pennsylvania Department of
Transportation for highway occupancy permits.

W. Floodplain boundaries, if applicable, and evidence of compliance with Township, Commonwealth and
Federal requirements pertaining to such areas.

§ 100-18. Requirements for Guarantee of Improvements.

A. After approval of the Preliminary Plan, the subdivider, in a manner consistent with the Pennsylvania
Municipalities Planning Code, shall provide for the installation of the required improvements (those
physical additions and changes which may be necessary to provide usable and desirable lots). Before
requesting Final Plan approval the subdivider must:

(1) Install all the improvements approved on the Preliminary Plan and required in Article IV at the
standards required, or

(2) File with the Secretary of the Township a performance guarantee to insure installation and
construction of all required improvements at the standards required. Such guarantee shall
meet with the approval of the Township Solicitor as to form and procedure.
The subdivider shall meet with the Township Engineer to develop a schedule, so that at the time each improvement is to be installed and upon its completion, adequate inspections can be made.

B. This Section is designed to be consistent with Section 509 to Section 511 of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code and the Township hereby incorporates all authorities and requirements contained therein as part of this Ordinance.

(1) Posting - The performance guarantee must be approved by the Board with the advice of the Township Attorney and Engineer, and must:

(a) Be a corporate surety bond, certified check, or other security, provided the same is satisfactory to the Board and consistent with the requirements of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code.

(b) Be payable to the municipality in which the subdivision is located.

(c) Be in an amount sufficient to complete the improvements in compliance with these regulations plus expected cost increases as provided in the Municipalities Planning Code.

(d) In the case of cash or its equivalent, be held in an escrow fund in the name of the municipality.

(e) Specify a satisfactory completion date for improvements which shall not be more than one (1) year from the date of the Final Approval. Provisions may also be made, pursuant to the aforementioned Code, for completion of improvements in phases or over a longer period, in cases of large developments.

(2) Return - When the improvements have been completed and approved for conformity with these regulations by the Township Engineer or other qualified individual designated by the Township and accepted by the Township Board of Supervisors, the guarantee must be released and returned. When any of the required improvements have been completed and approved or materials for the same have been secured on-site, a portion of the security commensurate with the cost of these improvements, may be released and returned.

(3) Default - In the event of default, the obligor and surety shall be liable thereon to the Township for the cost of the improvements or parts thereof not installed. If proceeds of such bond, or other security are insufficient to pay the cost of installing or making repairs or corrections to all the improvements covered by said security, the governing body of the municipality may, at its option, install part of such improvements in all or part of the subdivision or land development and may institute appropriate legal or equitable action to recover the moneys necessary to complete the remainder of the improvements. All of the proceeds, whether resulting from the security or from any legal or equitable action brought against the developer, or both, shall be used solely for the installation of the improvements covered by such security, and not for any other municipal purpose.
C. Prior to the certification of any improvements or release of any guarantee, the subdivider shall pay all inspection and related costs (for professional services, meetings, advertisements and expenses) associated with the improvements or guarantees. These costs will be assessed as a special fee apart from the regular fees provided for in Section 100-20 of these Regulations. Said payment shall be made to the Township.

D. Where improvements are being dedicated to the Township, the subdivider shall comply with the applicable requirements of any other Township Ordinances governing dedication of improvements and submit a maintenance bond or other approved performance guarantee to guarantee maintenance and repair of those improvements for eighteen months from the date of dedication. The maintenance bond shall generally be a maximum of 15% of the costs of improvements, subject to approval of the Board of Supervisors.

§ 100-19. Final Plan Requirements for Major Subdivision.

The Final Plan shall be prepared on one or more sheets of a uniform size no greater than 24” x 36” and otherwise coinciding with requirements of the Wayne County Recorder of Deeds. Final Plan attachments and exhibits shall be numbered and labeled in accordance with the requirements of this Section and any “subdivision checklists” developed by the Township. The Final Plan shall include, in addition to the information required for the Preliminary Plan submission, the following:

A. Exact locations, widths and names of all streets and all crosswalks within the subdivision.

B. Complete curve data for all curves included in the Plan.

C. Exact descriptions of all easements being provided for services or utilities in the subdivision, and any limitations placed on the use of such easements.

D. Accurate outlines of any lots or areas to be reserved or dedicated for common use by residents of the subdivision, or for general public use, with the purpose indicated thereon.

E. Front building lines, shown graphically with dimensions.

F. A final version of all restrictions and covenants, if any, the developer intends to place in the deeds to the lots in the subdivision. If no such restrictions or covenants are to be imposed, a statement to that effect shall be included.

G. The total tract boundary lines of the area being subdivided, with accurate distances to hundredths of a foot and bearings to one minute. These boundaries shall be determined by accurate survey in the field; provided, however, that the boundary(s) adjoining additional unplatted land of the subdivider (for example, between separately submitted Final Plan sections) are not required to be based upon field survey, and may be calculated. The location and elevation of all boundary line (perimeter) monuments or markers shall be indicated, along with a statement of the total area of the property being subdivided. In addition, the surveyor shall certify the placement of the monuments or markers.

I. The Final Plan shall contain a certificate signed by the project engineer indicating that all improvements have either been installed and approved by the proper officials or agencies, or that a
guarantee in an amount satisfactory to the Township Engineer and sufficient to ensure their installation has been submitted to the Township.

I. Complete final construction plans and profiles of installed or proposed public sanitary sewage disposal systems and storm drains, with grades and pipe sizes, unless private septic tanks are to be used.

J. Complete final construction plans of installed or proposed public water distribution systems showing pipe sizes and locations of valves and fire hydrants, if any, unless private wells are to be used.

K. Evidence in writing of actual arrangements made with utility companies or agencies for supplying each lot in the subdivision.

L. A key map for the purpose of locating the site to be subdivided, at a scale of not less than 2000 feet to one inch, showing the relation of the property to adjoining property and to all streets, roads and municipal boundaries existing within 4000 feet or any part of the property proposed to be subdivided. U.S.G.S. quadrangle maps may suffice as a base for such a key map.

M. Blank approval blocks for the Township Planning Commission and the Township Board of Supervisors stamp and signatures shall appear on every sheet of the set of plans.

N. A statement that Erosion and Sedimentation and Storm Water Management Plans, as required, have been prepared and where appropriate approved by the Wayne County Conservation District.

O. Copies of street encroachment or highway occupancy permits.

Each Final Plan submission shall, in addition to the items required above, include new submissions of Preliminary Plan data in any instance where there has been a change in the plans or the circumstances surrounding them.

§ 100-20. Fees.

At the time an Application for subdivision approval is filed, a fee shall be paid to the Township by the subdivider; such fee to be determined from a schedule of fees as adopted by the Board of Supervisors by resolution. These shall include reasonable professional review fees as may be required by the Township based on need for the same.

§ 100-21. Mediation.

In instances of disagreements or misunderstandings regarding the proceedings covered by this section, the Township may offer the option of mediation as a means of resolving any disputes. All such mediation shall be subject to Section 908.1 of the Municipalities Planning Code.
§ 100-22.  Application.

The design standards and requirements set forth in this Article shall be observed as minimums by the subdivider in the design of each subdivision within Mount Pleasant Township. The Township may require more-restrictive standards where necessary to protect health, safety and welfare of the public, and where circumstances unique to the property so dictate.

§ 100-23.  General Site Requirements.

Those areas which are subject to such hazards of life, health, or property as may arise from fire, flood or noise, or are considered to be uninhabitable for other reasons, may not be developed for building purposes unless the hazards have been eliminated or the plans show adequate safeguards correcting the hazards.

The Township, in determining and evaluating potential hazards, shall rely upon information contained in its Wastewater Facilities Plan, its Comprehensive Plan or any regional and County plans in which it has participated, including stormwater and solid wastes management plans. It shall also use historical records, soil evaluations, engineering studies, expert opinions, established standards used by licensed insurance companies or in professional practice, and Federal, State, or local policies as may be applicable.

All portions of a tract being developed or subdivided shall be taken up in lots, streets, designated open spaces, or other proposed uses, so that remnants and land-locked areas shall not be created. All land developments shall also be planned with consideration of impacts on adjacent properties and neighborhoods, including traffic, stormwater drainage, off-street parking, noise, odors, vibrations, landscaping and aesthetics, nuisance activities and other impacts.

Care shall be taken with all land developments to preserve natural features such as trees, water courses, views, and historical features which will add attractiveness and value to the remainder of the land. Where a land development is proposed on a site that has a slope of more than 15% the Township shall require larger lot sizes than the minimum standards set forth herein.

Damming, filling, relocating or other interference with the natural flow of surface water along any surface water drainage channel or natural water course shall not be permitted except with the approval of the Township and, where appropriate, the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection.

Wherever possible, lot lines shall follow municipal and county boundary lines rather than cross them, and reserve strips controlling access to lots, public rights-of-way, public lands or adjacent private lands are prohibited.

§ 100-24.  Blocks and Lots.

A.  Blocks shall ordinarily not exceed 1200 feet in length.
B. Pedestrian interior walks may be required, where necessary to assist circulation or provide access to community facilities. Such crosswalks shall have a width of not less than 10 feet and be all-weather-surfaced for not less than 4 feet in width.

C. Blocks shall be of sufficient width to permit two tiers of lots of appropriate depth, except where an interior street parallels a major street, or where it backs up to a railroad, creek, or other natural barrier unsubdivided area.

D. Where a subdivision adjoins a major state highway (one which is designated and marked for two lanes or more and carries at least 100 vehicles per day), the greater dimension of the block shall front along said highway, and interior streets may be required to minimize the number of points of access. Such streets may be required whenever topographic conditions, traffic density or lack of proper sight distance dictate for reasons of health and safety. Any subdivision of five lots or more with frontages averaging less than 300 feet along the highway shall be subject to this requirement, if the Township Board of Supervisors determines, after inspection, that such is necessary for the above stated reasons.

E. Cul-de-sac streets, permanently designed as such, shall not exceed 600 feet in length and shall furnish access to not more than 12 dwelling units. Cul-de-sac streets shall have, at the closed end, a turn-around with the right-of-way having minimum outside diameter of not less than 100 feet and shall be paved to a diameter of not less than 80 feet. Drainage of cul-de-sacs shall preferably be toward the open end.

F. All side lines of lots shall be at approximate right angles to straight street lines and radial to curved street lines, except where a variation to this rule will provide a safer layout.

G. Double frontage lots shall ordinarily not be platted, except as specifically provided herein. In that event, a planting strip of at least 20 feet in width may be required along the back of the lot.

H. If remnants of land exist after subdividing, they shall be incorporated in existing or proposed lots, unless designated as common area.

I. Corner lots shall have an average width of at least 100 feet. Either of the two sides of a corner lot may be designated as the front, provided the rear yard shall always be opposite the frontage so designated. All corner lots shall have a curve with a minimum radius of (20) feet joining the intersecting right-of-way lines.

J. All lots shall front on a public or private street (existing or proposed) and the right-of-way of the principal access to any subdivision shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet in width. No subdivision will be approved where the width of the existing right-of-way is less than 50 feet unless the subdivider is able to secure such additional right-of-way as may be required to achieve this width. However, upon written request by the subdivider, the Township may grant a waiver from this and other street requirements of this Ordinance to permit access to a single-family residential lot from a private drive, provided a release has been given the Township making clear that the Township is exempted from all responsibility for the maintenance of the same and the lot in question is not capable of being subdivided further or is so restricted.
K. Dimension standards applicable to all lots to be created follow:

(1) Lots provided with both off-site water supplies and off-site sewage disposal systems shall be a minimum of 32,670 square feet (0.75 acre) in area, no less than 100 feet in average width and 75 feet frontage with a 35 feet setback off all principal structures from the edge of the highway right-of-way.

(2) Lots provided with on-site water supplies and off-site sewage facilities shall be a minimum of 43,560 square feet (1 acre) in area, 150 feet in average width and have a minimum of 100 feet of road frontage with a 50 foot setback off all principal structures from the edge of the highway right-of-way.

(3) Lots provided with off-site water and on-site sewage facilities shall be a minimum of 65,340 square feet (1.5 acres) in area, 150 feet in average width and have a minimum of 100 feet of road frontage with a 50 foot setback off all principal structures from the edge of the highway right-of-way.

(4) Lots provided with on-site water and on-site sewage facilities shall be a minimum of 87,120 square feet (2 acres) in area and 200 feet in average width and have a minimum of 100 feet of road frontage 50 foot setback off all principal structures from the edge of the highway right-of-way.

L. Monuments or other permanent markers shall be placed at perimeter corners and the corner of each street, and permanent markers set at the corner of each lot, consistent with surveyors' professional practice, to permanently and accurately define the metes and bounds of the block and lots created.

§ 100-25. Common Open Space.

Not less than 10% of the gross area of the entire tract, exclusive of lakes or ponds, shall be reserved for common open space and the recreational use of the residents of that subdivision or the general community, except where such area would be less than one acre. This requirement may be waived in instances where the average lot size is two acres or more and less than 10 lots are involved. The following and similar facilities shall meet this requirement: swimming pools, tennis courts, riding and cycling paths, playgrounds, community centers, and other open areas. Such areas designated for play lots, parks and other outdoor recreational facilities shall be of a size, shape and other physical characteristics so as to be free of health and safety hazards and suitable for the designated use. Sites so dedicated shall not be deemed to be accepted by the Township unless and until the municipality has taken formal action with regard to the same. The subdivider and the Township may also agree to otherwise provide recreational land for the use of residents pursuant to the authority of the Municipalities Planning Code including fees in lieu of dedication.

§ 100-26. Water supply.

Where a public water supply is available within 1000 feet of the proposed residential development, the subdivider shall construct a system of water mains, tied to such system and provide a connection for each lot. Regardless of this requirement, all subdivisions and land developments shall be served with an adequate water supply.
Plans and specifications for off-site water systems (i.e. extension of an existing system or a proposed new facility) shall be prepared by a professional Engineer and shall conform to accepted engineering practices. The system shall be designed to furnish adequate main sizes and, where necessary, fire hydrants located to meet the specifications of the Association of Fire Underwriters and the Mount Pleasant Township Fire Department. Suitable agreements shall also be established for the design, specifications, construction, ownership and maintenance of such distribution system.

The applicant must demonstrate ability to provide a minimum of 150 gallons of water per capita per day (GPCD) and/or 400 gallons per day (GPD) for each residential dwelling unit to be serviced. Service to industrial or commercial establishments shall meet standards established by the American Water Works Association or insurance industry underwriting standards.

New off-site water supply wells shall be sited, drilled, and tested under the direct supervision of a Registered Professional Engineer or a professional groundwater geologist. Wells shall be so located that no potential pollution sources can exist within a 100 foot radius. The well shall also be located on a reserved parcel.

§ 100-27. Sewage Disposal.

When a public sewage disposal system is located within 1000 feet of the proposed residential development, the subdivider shall provide a system of collection lines to connect to said system. Regardless of this requirement, all subdivision and land developments shall be provided with an adequate sewage disposal system(s).

All residential lots shall contain suitable areas for on-lot sewage disposal systems or be served by an approved off-site sewage disposal system. Plans and specifications, including a Planning Module for Land Development complete with all appropriate components as required by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (to revise or supplement the Township Official Plan), shall be submitted with all preliminary subdivision or land development plans. Following preliminary plan approval, the Township will submit copies of the module and necessary documentation to the Commonwealth for review. Commonwealth approval of the module and the Township's revision or supplement to its Official Plan shall be required prior to final approval.

Off-site sewage disposal systems are required for all residential lots and non-residential developments where the Township SEO (Sewage Enforcement Officer) or DEP determine that on-site soil conditions are unsuitable for on-lot subsurface sewage disposal systems.

Design standards, materials and specifications shall meet Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection requirements.

Where connection to neither an off-site water system nor a off-site sewage system is required, on-site systems shall be provided in accordance with criteria set forth by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection. The Township Sewage Enforcement Officer's site and soils evaluation by the test pit method and favorable report is required prior to preliminary plan approval. The Sewage Enforcement Officer shall determine the number and location of test pits and soil percolation tests necessary to
determine the general suitability of soils throughout the subdivision or land development for on-lot subsurface sewage disposal.

Sanitary sewers shall be designed and constructed in strict accordance with Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection standards and Township standards.

Sanitary sewers shall not be used to carry storm water.


In the event that any developer shall intend to make land changes by grading, filling, excavating or the removal or destruction of the natural topsoil or vegetative covering thereon in accordance with a subdivision plan submitted to the Township, the same shall only be approved and accomplished after the developer has submitted to the Township an Erosion and Sedimentation Plan and otherwise complied with Commonwealth regulations respecting such plans. Measures in the plan shall meet with the approval of the Wayne County Conservation District.

§ 100-29. Storm Drainage.

A storm water drainage plan may be required in certain cases for major subdivisions or land developments, and will be required in all cases in which the proposed subdivision exceeds 100 acres in size. Such a plan, along with Section 100-28 above, shall comply with Chapter 102 of Pennsylvania DEP Regulations. Such a plan shall also be prepared in consultation with the Wayne County Conservation District and the Soil Conservation Service, which shall suggest methods and appropriate measures for meeting the intent of the Pennsylvania Storm Water Management Law.

Stormwater drainage facilities shall be designed to accommodate storms of a 10 year frequency unless a more stringent standard shall be required by the Township. The general performance standard shall be that the amount of uncontrolled stormwater leaving the site along any property line after development shall not exceed that estimated for the site prior to development. In instances where stormwater facilities are impractical for engineering reasons the Township may modify this standard as it applies to a particular project but shall provide for the maximum practical reduction in flow which can be achieved under the circumstances. The developer shall provide full information, prepared by a registered engineer, regarding the pre-development stormwater flows and estimates at the time of application.

The following additional requirements shall apply:

A. Lots shall be laid out and graded to prevent cross-lot drainage away from proposed building areas. Natural drainage courses shall be maintained.

B. The existing points of natural drainage discharge onto adjacent property shall not be altered, nor shall the rate of water runoff be increased because of development, without the written approval of all affected land owners.

C. No storm water runoff or natural drainage water shall be so diverted as to overload existing drainage systems, or create flooding or the need for additional drainage structures on other private properties or public lands, without complete approval of provisions being made by the developer for property
handling such conditions. Stormwater calculations and design shall be prepared by a Professional Engineer, Land Surveyor, Landscape architect or others certified to perform such work.

D. Storm drainage facilities should be designed to handle the anticipated peak discharge from the property being subdivided.

E. Where a subdivision is traversed by a watercourse, there shall be provided a drainage easement of at least 25 feet to each side of the stream from that stream bank, or such additional width as will be adequate to preserve the unimpeded flow of natural drainage.

F. Drainage structures that are located on State highway rights-of-way shall be approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation, and a letter from that office indicating such approval shall be directed to the Township prior to final plan approval.

G. All streets shall be so designed as to provide for the discharge of surface water from their rights-of-way. The slope of the crown on proposed streets shall be 1/4" per foot away from the center line.

H. All proposed surface drainage structures shall be indicated on the preliminary plan.

I. Drainage plans shall include all appropriate designs, details and dimensions necessary to clearly explain proposed construction materials and elevations.

J. Whenever storm drains are required by the Township, such storm sewer systems shall be separate from the sanitary sewer system. Storm drains or storm sewer facilities may be required in any development situation where the Township Supervisors determine that surface drainage facilities are inadequate to prevent excessive erosion and lot or road maintenance problems.

K. Drainage systems shall be designed in accordance with such design standards as may be promulgated by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection or the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation, using hydraulic computations to show effects of the flow of water. The general standard shall be that the amount of stormwater leaving the site along any property line after development shall not exceed pre-development stormwater flows for that area. In no case shall any pipe system of less than 15" in diameter be used underneath a street or driveway. All dams, lakes, ponds or stream encroachments shall be designed in accordance with the design standards of DEP.

L. Where a subdivision is traversed by a water course, drainage way, channel, or stream, there shall be provided a drainage easement conforming substantially with the line of such water course, drainage way, channel or stream, and of such width as will be adequate to preserve the unimpeded flow of natural drainage, or for the purpose of widening, deepening, relocating, improving or protecting such drainage facilities. Any changes in the existing drainage way shall be subject to the approval of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Water and Power Resources Board, Division of Dams and Encroachments.

M. All drainage systems and structures shall be subject to the approval of the Township Engineer, Township Supervisors or any such other qualified person as may be appointed for this purpose by the Township Supervisors.
§ 100-30. Street Requirements.

A. The arrangement, character, extent, width, grade and location of all streets shall conform to the provisions found herein. Every subdivision shall have access to a public right-of-way.

B. Design and Arrangement.

(1) In general, all streets shall be continuous and in alignment with existing streets and shall compose a convenient system to insure circulation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic, with the exception that minor streets shall be laid out including the use of loop streets and cul-de-sacs, so that their use by through traffic will be discouraged.

(2) Where a subdivision abuts or contains an existing or proposed arterial street, marginal access streets may be required, in order to protect residential areas from heavy traffic and also to provide separation between local and through traffic.

(3) Streets shall be logically related to the topography so as to produce usable lots and reasonable grades as required by this and other Township Ordinances.

(4) New half or partial streets will not be permitted. Wherever a tract to be subdivided borders an existing half or partial street, the remaining portion of the street shall be platted within such tract.

(5) Dead-end streets shall be prohibited, except as stubs to permit future street extension into adjoining tracts, or when designed as cul-de-sacs.

(6) Where adjoining areas are not subdivided, the arrangement of streets in new subdivisions shall make provision for the extension of streets.

(7) Streets shall be laid out to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles; in any event, no street shall intersect another at less than sixty (60) degrees. Intersections of more than two streets shall be avoided. Where this proves impossible, such intersections shall be designed with care for safety, and suitable curbs, barriers, signs and other devices as may be required. Streets entering opposite sides of another street shall be laid out directly opposite one another or offset a minimum of two hundred feet (200').

(8) Street and driveway intersections with arterial streets shall not be so numerous, nor so close to each other, as to impede the flow of traffic.

(9) Clear sight triangles shall be provided at all street intersections. Within such triangles, no structure or vision-obstructing object other than utility poles, street lights, street signs, or traffic signs shall be permitted which obscures vision above the height of thirty-six (36) inches and below ten (10) feet measured from the centerline grade of intersecting streets. Such triangles shall be established from a distance of seventy-five (75) feet from the point of intersection of the centerlines.
Whenever, in connection with a major subdivision, the principal access (whether public or private) to such subdivision, by virtue of bridge weight limits of less than twenty (20) tons or other comparable limitations, would restrict access to the property by emergency vehicles or school buses, the subdivider shall so indicate in writing on the final plats to be recorded and shall provide for notification to prospective lot buyers through deed covenant provisions which shall be approved by the Township Board of Supervisors as to form.

C. Alleys may be permitted in residential areas under special circumstances, but in no case shall an alley provide the only means of access to a lot. Alleys are required on the rear of all commercial and industrial lots, if no other provisions are made for adequate service access or for parking.

D. Street Grades

(1) Profiles: No street grade shall be less than 1/2 percent or exceed the following, with due allowances for reasonable vertical curves:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street Type</th>
<th>Grade Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major Traffic Streets</td>
<td>6% (up to 8% for 250 feet)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collector Streets</td>
<td>8% (up to 10% for 250 feet)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Streets</td>
<td>12% (up to 16% for 250 feet)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Streets shall have a grade not to exceed three (3) percent for a distance within fifty (50) feet of the street right-of-way line of any intersecting street.

(2) Cross Section: The gradients of streets shall be not less than 0.5% without curbs and gutters, and 0.3% with curbs and gutters. On streets where curbs, gutters, and sidewalks are not required, there shall be a berm, as provided in the Township Road Ordinance.

(3) Minimum vertical and horizontal visibility (measured 4-1/2 feet eye level to tail lights 18" above ground level), for curves:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street Type</th>
<th>Visibility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major Highways</td>
<td>500 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collector Streets</td>
<td>300 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Streets</td>
<td>150 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streets shorter than 500 feet</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E. Street and Alley Width

(1) The width of all major thoroughfares shall conform to the width designated on the municipality's official map or major thoroughfare plan.

(2) The minimum right-of-way widths for streets and alleys are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street Type</th>
<th>Width</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major Streets</td>
<td>80 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collector Streets</td>
<td>66 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Streets</td>
<td>50 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crosswalks</td>
<td>8 feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Where the proposed subdivision fronts on an existing public right-of-way of less than the required width as specified above, the subdivider shall provide additional right-of-way as may be required to conform with these standards. Where the proposed subdivision fronts on only side of such a road, the entire additional width required shall be provided on that side.

F. On all dead-end roads a turn-about area with a one hundred (100) foot diameter right-of-way and eighty (80) foot diameter traveled portion shall be provided.

G. The entire width of the travel way of each street in a proposed subdivision shall be graded and suitably prepared for installation of paving, drainage structures, curbs and gutters, in accordance with the appropriate standards for the class of street. The subgrade shall be free of sod, vegetative matter, or other similar material. Where poor subsurface drainage conditions exist, adequate drainage shall be installed. The subgrade construction shall conform to minimum standards of the Township Road Ordinance.

H. Pavement.

(1) The width of pavement required shall vary, depending upon the character of the development served and the amount of traffic expected to utilize the street. The following are minimum street pavement widths:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Street</th>
<th>Minimum Shoulder Width</th>
<th>Minimum Clearance Beyond Shoulder Width</th>
<th>Minimum Pavement Width</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major Streets</td>
<td>6 feet</td>
<td>4 feet</td>
<td>24 ft (2 lanes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collector Streets</td>
<td>6 feet</td>
<td>4 feet</td>
<td>20 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor Streets</td>
<td>4 feet</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18 feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) The pavement shall be constructed in accordance with specifications and standards contained in the Township Road Ordinance.

I. Berms and Embankments.

(1) Street shoulders shall be constructed with materials as specified by the Township Road Ordinance. The entire shoulder area shall be uniformly and thoroughly compacted by rolling and must be level with the top of the road paving, or as directed by the Engineer.

(2) Embankments at the sides of streets and cross-sections of drainage ditches shall not exceed a maximum slope of two (2) feet horizontally to one (1) foot vertically in a cut or fill section. In special cases, the Township Engineer may require more-rigid standards.

J. Curbs and Gutters.

(1) In commercial developments or where other similar intensive uses exist or are anticipated, curbs shall ordinarily be required on primary, secondary and minor highways, if such construction is deemed necessary for public safety.
(2) Minimum curb or pavement edge radii at street intersections shall be thirty (30) feet.

(3) Where curbs exist on abutting properties, their extension will ordinarily be required throughout the proposed subdivision.

(4) Curbs shall not be constructed where pavements are less than 22 feet in width. Where curbs are not required, adequate gutters shall be graded and protected by seeding, or appropriate surfacing.

(5) Curbs may be of the wall type or may be combined with gutters built of concrete. Curbs, combined curbs and gutters, and graded gutters shall be constructed in accordance with the specifications and standards contained in the Township Road Ordinance, if applicable.

K. Walls, Slopes and Traffic Guards.

(1) Where the grade of the street is above or below the grade of the adjacent land, walls or slopes shall be constructed in a manner satisfactory to the Township, and shall be sufficient to support the street or the adjacent land, as the case may be.

(2) Where the grade of the street is three (3) feet or more above the grade of the adjacent land, guards shall be built to protect travel, if required by the Township Engineer.

L. All streets, including cul-de-sacs and alleys, shall be constructed as shown on the Preliminary Plan approved by the Supervisors and in conformity with the Township Road Ordinance. Where such Ordinance does not provide a clear standard, the Township may rely upon the standards promulgated by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation for local streets. These standards may also be modified wherever necessary to preserve shade, address aesthetic concerns or otherwise avoid unnecessary earth disturbance, provide the construction standards applicable to the road base are not modified and the full right-of-way is obtained as required.

M. Four-way street name signs of a design approved by the Board of Supervisors will be installed at each street intersection by the subdivider at his own expense. Streets that are extensions of, or obviously in alignment with, existing streets shall bear the name of existing streets. Street names shall not be repeated within the Township and shall be subject to Township approval.

N. Street lighting is the responsibility of the applicant to provide, and the lot owners to maintain and operate. The Township Engineer will determine when and if street lighting is necessary, evaluating need on the basis of safety considerations and commonly accepted standards of lighting.

Whether or not street lights are initially installed, the developer shall be responsible for providing utility easements for future street lighting installation, upon consultation with the public service utility company involved.

O. The subdivider shall preserve existing shade trees along any proposed street right-of-way unless their removal is clearly required for safety of construction and use.
P. Requirement for Road Occupancy and Other Permits.

(1) No driveway, street or drainage facility or structure shall be constructed or altered within a state right-of-way, and no drainage facility of the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation shall be altered or connected onto without first obtaining a permit from Penn DOT.

(2) No driveway, local road or drainage facility or structure shall be constructed or altered within a township right-of-way, and no drainage facility of Mount Pleasant Township shall be altered or connected onto without first obtaining a permit from the Mount Pleasant Township Supervisors.

Q. Individual driveways serving only one single-family dwelling each shall not be subject to street improvement requirements of this Ordinance or on the Township Road Ordinance. Also, private drives to service no more than two single-family dwellings shall be permitted provided the Township is given satisfactory evidence, in the form of declaration of restrictive covenants, that the private status of said road is permanent and the following standards are met:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>25 feet</th>
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<tr>
<td>Right-of-Way</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Pavement Width</td>
<td>12 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum shoulder Width</td>
<td>3 feet</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Pavement may consist of any all-weather surface satisfactory to the Township Engineer. If there is a potential for re-subdivision of either of the lots to be serviced by private drive such that eventually more than two lots might result, the subdivider shall provide additional right-of-way as necessary to serve the maximum potential number of lots. All drainage plans shall be subject to approval of the Township Engineer.
§ 100-31. Design Standards and Other Requirements.

A. A mobile home park shall have a gross area of at least five (5) contiguous acres of land under the unified control of an owner/operator or a property owners association.

B. Mobile home parks shall not be located in any area subject to any hazard or nuisance, such as excessive noise, vibration, smoke, toxic matter, radiation, heat, odor or glare; nor shall they be located on any soils classified by the U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service as having a seasonal high water table within twenty-four (24) inches of the surface or on any slope of 15% or greater.

C. The ground surface in all parts of every park shall be graded and equipped to drain all surface water in a safe, efficient manner. All stormwater facilities shall be designed as required in Section 100-29 of this Ordinance. Stormwater management plans for achieving this objective shall be approved by the Wayne County Conservation District.

D. All exposed ground surfaces shall be protected with a vegetative growth that is capable of preventing soil erosion and the emanation of dust during dry weather. The owner shall, within a reasonable period of time, insure that the above requirements have been satisfied.

E. Park Areas for Non-Residential Uses

(1) Mobile home parks shall be restricted to residential uses, except those uses that are required for the direct servicing and well-being of park residents and for the management and maintenance of the park.

(2) Nothing contained in this Section shall be deemed as prohibiting the sale of a mobile home located on a mobile home lot and connected to utilities.

(3) In all parks designed to accommodate ten (10) or more mobile homes, there shall be one or more recreation areas that are easily accessible to all park residents. The size of such recreation areas shall be not less than 10% of the total area of the mobile home park. Recreation areas shall be located so as to be free of traffic hazards, and should, where the topography permits, be centrally located.

F. Required Setbacks, Buffer Strips and Screening.

(1) All mobile homes shall be located at least seventy-five (75) feet from the right-of-way line of any public street or highway, and at least fifty (50) feet from any other park property boundary lines.

(2) There shall be a minimum distance of thirty (30) feet between an individual mobile home and the adjoining pavement of a park street, common parking area or other common areas and structures.
(3) All mobile home parks shall be required to provide screening, such as fencing or natural growth, along the property boundary line separating the park from adjacent uses. A planting or screening plan shall be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

(4) Accessory structures, including tool sheds, trash receptacles, patios, porches, garages and bike racks, may be erected within required setback and buffer areas, provided that a fire lane of at least ten (10) feet in width is maintained, clear of all obstacles, on each side of each mobile home. No structures of any kind may be erected within ten (10) feet of the mobile home lot line.

G. Erection and Placement of Mobile Homes.

(1) Mobile homes shall be separated from each other, and from other buildings and structures, by at least thirty (30) feet.

(2) An enclosure of similar design and material to the mobile home itself shall be erected around the entire base of each mobile home. Enclosures shall be placed within one year of occupancy of the mobile home.

H. Park Street System.

(1) A safe and convenient vehicular access shall be provided from abutting public streets or roads.

(2) The entrance road connecting the park with a public street or highway shall have a pavement width of no less than twenty-four (24) feet and a right-of-way of no less than fifty (50) feet, and no parking shall be allowed on either side of the street. All mobile home lots shall be served by the entrance road or internal streets connected thereto, and none shall be served directly from the public street or highway.

(3) Surfaced roadways shall be of adequate width to accommodate anticipated traffic. The minimum pavement width shall be eighteen (18) feet. Dead-end (cul-de-sac) streets shall be provided with a paved turn-around having an outside diameter of no less than eighty (80) feet and shall not exceed 1200 feet in length. All streets shall have a right-of-way of no less than fifty (50) feet. Rumble strips or other pavement warnings may be required at intersections.

(4) All parks shall be furnished with lighting units so spaced, and equipped with luminaries placed at such mounting heights, as will provide adequate levels of illumination for the safe movement of pedestrians and vehicles at night.

(5) All park streets shall adhere to the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation "Guidelines for Design of Local Roads and Streets." For purposes of evaluation under these guidelines, park streets shall be considered local access urban highways.

(6) There shall generally be at least two points of ingress and/or egress in each mobile home park but no more than two accesses to a mobile home park from any one public right-of-way (emergency accesses excepted), and all driveways to individual units along a public right-of-
way shall front on an interior access drive. Accesses shall be separated by at least 150 feet where they intersect with a public street.

I. Walks.

(1) General Requirements - All parks containing twenty-five (25) or more mobile homes shall be provided with safe, convenient, all-weather surfaced pedestrian walkways between individual mobile homes, the park streets, and all community facilities provided for park residents.

(2) Common Walk System - A common walk system shall be provided and maintained between locations where pedestrian traffic is concentrated. Such common walks shall have a minimum width of three and one-half feet.

(3) Individual Walks - All mobile home stands shall be connected to common walks, to paved streets, or to paved driveways or parking spaces connecting to a paved street. Such individual walks shall have a minimum width of two feet.

J. Mobile Home Site.

The area of the mobile home site shall be improved to provide a permanent foundation for the placement and tiedown of the mobile home, thereby securing the structure against uplift, sliding, rotation and overturning. Mobile homes shall not be considered placed on a permanent foundation unless wheels have been removed and the home is resting on concrete piers to the frost level, a foundation of poured concrete, block construction or a concrete slab.

(1) The mobile home site shall not heave, shift or settle unevenly under the weight of the mobile home, due to frost action, inadequate drainage, vibration or other forces acting on the superstructure.

(2) The mobile home site shall be provided with anchors and tiedowns, such as cast-in-place concrete "deadmen", eyelets imbedded in concrete foundations or runways, screw augers, arrowhead anchors, or other devices securing the stability of the mobile home.

(3) Anchors and tiedowns shall be placed at least at each corner of the mobile home site, and each shall be able to sustain a minimum tensile strength of 2,800 pounds.

K. Construction of Mobile Home Lots.

(1) All mobile home lots shall be served with an off-site sewage disposal system and an off-site water supply, shall have a minimum lot area of 10,000 square feet and shall be not less than 60 feet wide at the setback line. Density within the park as a whole shall not exceed two mobile homes per acre and no less than 50% of the park shall be dedicated to permanent open space. No less than half of this open space shall be usable for active recreational activities and not include wetlands, floodplains, slopes over 15% in grade or other undevelopable area.
(2) All square feet areas and density calculations shall be measured or taken exclusive of any rights-of-way. For the purpose of administration, public rights-of-way shall mean all easements or other rights-of-way that are open for free and easy use by other lot occupants and/or the general public.

(3) All lots intended to be conveyed individually to mobile home occupants shall meet minimum lot area standards applicable to other single-family homes in recognition of the lesser degree of control inherent in parks managed by multiple owners as opposed to a single operator.

L. Water Supply.

An adequate off-site supply of water shall be provided for mobile homes, service buildings, and other accessory facilities, as required by this Ordinance. The water supply shall be capable of supplying a minimum of 150 gallons per day per mobile home, and the water distribution system shall be designed and maintained so as to provide a pressure of not less than 35 pounds per square inch under normal operating conditions, at service buildings and other locations requiring potable water supply. There must also be an adequate reserve supply of water at adequate pressure to meet fire fighting needs as estimated by the fire company serving the area. Any other applicable requirements of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection with respect to water supply shall also be met. Fire hydrants may be required at the discretion of the Township Board of Supervisors.

M. Sewage Disposal.

An adequate and safe sewerage system shall be provided in all parks, for conveying and disposing of sewage from mobile homes, service buildings, and other accessory facilities. Such system shall be designed, constructed, and maintained, in accordance with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection or local health regulations.

N. Required Off-Street Parking.

Off-street parking areas shall be provided in all mobile home parks for the use of park occupants and guests. No less than 2 vehicular parking spaces of at least 200 square feet each in size shall be provided for each mobile home lot. Common parking areas shall not be located further than 300 feet from the mobile home lots they are intended to serve. Any common parking areas shall be all-weather surfaced.

O. Utilities.

(1) Electrical Distribution: All mobile home parks shall have an underground electrical distribution system which shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the local electric power company's specification regulating such systems. All connections from the meter box to the trailer shall be installed by a qualified electrician and each trailer shall have its own meter box.

(2) Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG) Systems. Liquified petroleum gas systems, when provided in mobile home parks, shall be provided with safety devices to relieve excessive pressures with discharges terminating at a safe location. Systems shall have at least one accessible means for shutting-off gas located outside the mobile home, and which shall be maintained in effective
operating condition. All LPG piping outside of the mobile home shall be well supported and protected against mechanical injury. Undiluted liquidified petroleum gas shall not be conveyed through piping equipment and systems in mobile homes. Vessels of more than 12 and less than 60 U.S. gallons gross capacity shall be secured to prevent accidental overturning. No LPG vessel shall be stored or located inside or beneath any storage cabinet, carport, mobile home or any other structure.

(3) Fuel Oil Supply Systems. All fuel oil supply systems, when provided in mobile home parks, shall be installed and maintained in conformity with the following regulations:

(a) All piping from outside fuel storage tanks or cylinders to mobile homes shall be securely fastened in place.

(b) All fuel oil supply systems shall have shutoff valves located within five (5) inches of storage tanks.

(c) All fuel storage tanks or cylinders shall be securely placed and shall not be located closer than five (5) feet from any mobile home parking area or exit.

(d) Storage tanks located in areas subject to traffic shall be protected against physical damage.

P. Licensing and Inspection.

The Township Board of Supervisors, by general resolution or in the granting of approval for a mobile home park, may attach a condition requiring annual inspection and licensing of mobile home parks, including provisions for revocation of licenses if the owner/operators or property owners associations shall fail to meet standards contained herein.

§ 100-32. Application to Existing Parks.

A. Extensions or enlargements of existing mobile home parks by addition of land areas or increase in the number of available lots shall fully comply with the provisions of this Article, except to the extent which they would be modified by restrictive covenants approved by the Township for an existing contiguous portion of the park.

B. No new or replacement mobile home in an existing park shall be erected any closer than 20 feet to another home site, structure or property line; and on one side of the home there shall be maintained a completely open, unobstructed yard of 10 feet in width for a fire lane. No decks, parking areas, service buildings or other structures shall be erected in said yard. All replacement mobile homes shall comply with the skirting and anchoring requirements applying to mobile homes in new parks.
§ 100-33. Design Standards and Other Requirements.

A. A campground subdivision or development shall have a gross area of at least five (5) contiguous acres of land in single ownership or under unified control.

B. All campgrounds shall provide and maintain a vegetative screening strip of planted or natural growth, along all property boundary lines. Such screening shall be at a depth of not less than twenty (20) feet, to effectively screen the area within a reasonable (5-10 years) time period. A planting plan specifying types, size and location of existing and proposed plant material shall be required and approved by the Board of Supervisors.

C. Recreational land development lots or camping sites shall be at least fifty (50) feet wide and one hundred (100) feet deep, excepting transient recreational land developments which may be clustered. Gross density, however, shall not exceed a total of eight (8) sites per acre for the development. Frontages on cul-de-sacs may be varied.

Individual recreational land development lots or camping sites shall be separated from service building structures and other occupied buildings and structures by a minimum distance of fifty (50) feet. Also, notwithstanding the requirements of Section 501.2 above, no recreational vehicle or tent platform shall be located closer than twenty-five (25) feet to the street right-of-way; closer than twenty-five (25) feet to any other recreational vehicle or tent platform; or two-hundred (200) feet to any adjacent property line.

D. At least two off-street parking spaces shall be provided for each site. At least one such off-street parking space shall be provided on each lot as required.

E. Non-transient recreational land developments - The residential street design standards contained in Article IV of this Ordinance shall apply to streets within non-transient recreational land developments.

Transient recreational land developments - Transient recreational land development streets shall be not less than fifty (50) feet in right-of-way width, and shall be cleared, graded and constructed as required by the Township Board of Supervisors upon recommendation of the Township Engineer, based upon the size of the development, site conditions and type of development proposed (i.e. primitive tent camping or RV camping).

F. No individual on-site sewage or water supply shall be permitted, and all community systems for the common use of campsite occupants shall fully comply, as evidenced by approved plans, with the standards imposed by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and Mount Pleasant Township.

G. The following additional regulations shall apply to all recreational land developments.

   (1) Appurtenances. No permanent external appurtenances, such as carports, cabanas or patios, may be attached to any travel trailer or other recreational vehicle parked in a recreational land development.
development, and the removal of wheels or placement of the unit on a foundation in such a park is prohibited.

(2) Location. A recreational land development shall be so located that no entrance or exit from a park shall discharge traffic into a densely populated residential area exceeding one dwelling unit per acre, nor require movement of traffic from the park through such an area to obtain access to a public highway. A minimum of 150 feet of frontage on a State or Township highway shall be required.

(3) Common Use Areas - A minimum of 10% of the gross site area of the recreational land development shall be set aside and developed as common use areas for open and enclosed recreational facilities. No recreational vehicle site, required buffer strip, street right-of-way, cartway, storage area or utility site shall be counted as meeting this requirement.

(4) Entrances and Exits - Entrances and exits to recreational land developments shall be designed for safe and convenient movement of traffic into and out of the park, and to minimize marginal friction with free movement of traffic on adjacent streets. All traffic into or out of the park shall be through such entrances and exits. No entrance or exit shall require a turn at an acute angle, for vehicles moving in the direction intended, and the radii of curbs and pavements at intersections shall be such as to facilitate easy turning movement for vehicles with trailer attached. No intersection of an entrance and/or exit with a State or Township highway shall be located where less than 500 feet of sight distance exists in either direction along the State or Township highway, nor shall such intersection be located within 150 feet of any other intersection.

(5) Parking Areas - In connection with the use of any recreational land development, no parking, loading or maneuvering incidental to parking or loading shall be permitted on any public street, sidewalk, required buffer, right-of-way or any public grounds; or any private grounds not part of the recreational land development, unless the owner has given written permission for such use. Each recreational land development operator shall provide off-street parking, loading and maneuvering space located and sealed so that the prohibitions above may be observed, and shall be responsible for violations of these requirements.

(6) Occupancy - Campsites shall be used only for camping purposes. No improvement or any mobile home designed for permanent occupancy shall be erected or placed on any campsite. All recreational vehicles in the development shall be maintained in a transportable condition at all times. Any action toward removal of wheels or to attach the recreational vehicle to the ground for stabilizing purposes is hereby prohibited. Moreover, no campsite shall be occupied for more than 12 consecutive months, and no campsite shall be the primary and principal residence of the owner or any other occupant; each campsite to be used and occupied (excepting occasional guests) for camping and recreational purposes only by a single household. The Township may require any owner to remove a recreational vehicle from the campground for a period of 7 days, unless such owner can establish a prior removal within the immediately preceding 12 months. These requirements shall be attached to each campsite sale or membership in non-transient recreational land developments by restrictive covenant.
(7) Records - The management of every recreational land development shall be responsible for maintaining accurate records concerning the occupancy of all campsites. The term "management" shall include associations of property owners when such are responsible for maintenance and operation of common facilities. The Township shall have access to, and the right to inspect, records for evidence of permanent residency or lack thereof. The Township Board of Supervisors shall, in addition, have the authority, when any provision of this Article is violated, to prohibit the occupancy of any and all campsites in a recreational development until the owners and/or management provide evidence of compliance with these provisions.

(8) Sanitary Waste Disposal - No owner or occupant of any campsite or recreational land development lot shall permit or allow the dumping or placement of any sanitary or other waste anywhere upon any campsite or elsewhere within the development, except in places designated therefore. No outside toilets shall be erected or maintained on any campsite. Plumbing fixtures within any recreational vehicles placed upon lots in the recreational land development shall be connected to the sewage disposal system for the development. Sanitary facilities, including toilets, urinals and showers, shall be provided within six-hundred (600) feet of each lot or campsite.

(9) Fences - All property lines within the development shall be kept free and open; and no fences, except as may be required by screening sections or may exist naturally, ledges or walls, shall be permitted thereon. This shall not, however, preclude the erection of fences around the perimeter of the development.

(10) Nuisances - No noxious or offensive activities or nuisances shall be permitted on any campsite.

(11) Animals - No animals shall be kept or maintained on any campsite, except the usual household pets. Pets shall be kept confined so as not to become a nuisance.

(12) Garbage and Refuse Disposal - No person shall burn trash, garbage or other like refuse on any campsite. All such refuse shall be placed and kept in airtight receptacles for the same. No owner shall permit the accumulation of litter or refuse or junk vehicles on a campsite.

(13) Camping Accessories - Notwithstanding any provisions herein contained to the contrary, picnic tables, benches, storage sheds, fire boxes or fireplaces, and similar items of personal property, may be placed on a campsite. All personal property on a campsite shall be maintained in good condition so as not to become unsightly.

(14) Ditches and Swales - Each owner shall keep drainage ditches and swales located on his campsite free and unobstructed and in good repair, and shall provide for the installation of such culverts upon his campsite as may be reasonably required for proper drainage. He shall also prevent erosion on his campsite.

(15) Drilling and Mining - No drilling, refining, quarrying or mining operation of any kind shall be permitted, nor shall drilling for water or digging of water wells be permitted on any individual campsite.
(16) Vehicle Parking - No recreation vehicle shall be parked on any street or roadway within the development.

(17) Fire Rims - Each campsite fireplace shall be provided with a fire rim of concrete construction at least eight (8) inches in height to contain the fire.

(18) Water Supply - Potable water drinking fountains shall be provided within three-hundred (300) feet of each campsite.

The operational standards contained in this section shall be incorporated in restrictive covenants attached to the deeds for lots in non-transient recreational developments and shall be made part of a management plan for any transient recreational developments, which covenants and/or plan shall be approved by the Township Board of Supervisors in its review of preliminary and final plans for the recreational development. A management plan shall be required for all recreational land developments and restrictive covenants incorporating the standards of this section shall be required of all non-transient recreational developments. This shall be in addition to the submission requirements contained in Article III of this Ordinance. A plan or set of covenants which does not adequately provide for conformance with this Section shall not be approved. The plan and/or covenant shall also provide the Township with the option (but not the obligation) of being a party to their enforcement and include a right for the Township to periodically inspect the development for continued compliance with the plan and/or covenants.

§ 100-34. Application to Existing Developments.

The regulations of this Article VI shall apply to any extensions of existing recreational subdivisions and land developments, including increases in the number of lots or available spaces, even though no addition to total land area is involved.
$ 100-35. Nonresidential Land Developments.

A. Application and Procedure. All commercial, industrial and other non-residential land developments shall comply fully with the procedures set forth in Article III of this Chapter, "Plan Requirements for Land Developments and Subdivisions," regardless whether or not any actual conveyance of land by metes and bounds or other means is involved. Preliminary and final plans for any new or expanded commercial, industrial or other non-residential developments shall be prepared and submitted for review and approval in the same manner as preliminary and final plans for residential subdivisions.

B. Street Systems.

(1) Traffic movements in and out of commercial and industrial areas should not interfere with external traffic, nor should they create hazards for adjacent residential areas.

(2) The design of streets, service drives, and pedestrian ways, should provide for safe and hazard-free internal circulation, including provision for fire lanes where appropriate.

(3) The points of ingress shall be designed so as not to require commercial or industrial traffic to pass through residential areas.

(4) The impacts of additional traffic associated with any land development shall be mitigated with appropriate design measures approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation or Mount Pleasant Township, if such impacts would result in a significant decline in the level of service of any existing highway or intersection. Traffic delays shall be maintained at a level below where the highway is expected to be in 10 years absent the new land development.

(5) Traffic impact studies, conducted generally in accordance with the requirements of the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation Highway Occupancy Permit Handbook, shall be prepared for any non-residential land development on a State or Mount Pleasant Township highway which will generate more than 25 vehicles per hour during the AM or PM peak hour of the highway, as determined from the Institute of Transportation Engineers latest "Trip Generation" report.

C. Plan Review Standards. Plans shall be prepared to address specific site conditions and, more particularly, the site requirements of Section 100-23 of this Ordinance, delivering the best possible service to customers in terms of traffic circulation, parking and pick-up and delivery services, while also protecting the public health safety and general welfare. Landscaping may be required, access may be required to be modified and other measures taken to accomplish these purposes.

D. Lot, Block and Setback Standards.

(1) Block lengths shall be a minimum of 600 feet. Where safety considerations mandate, 800 feet may be required as a minimum.
(2) Lot sizes shall be sufficient to provide adequate space for off-street parking and loading, landscaping, and other facilities. They shall also be substantial enough to buffer the use from adjacent residences and mitigate any negative environmental impacts on the community or neighborhood. Lots shall, in no case, be less than 20,000 square feet in lot area and, where on-site water supply and sewage disposal facilities are to be utilized, a minimum of 40,000 square feet shall be required.

(3) The following minimum setbacks, as provided for under Section 503 (4.1) of the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, shall apply to all commercial, industrial and non-residential land developments in Mount Pleasant Township:

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<tr>
<th>With Off-Site Water Supply and Sewage Disposal</th>
<th>With On-Site Water Supply and Sewage Disposal</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Front lot line setback</td>
<td>35 feet</td>
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<tr>
<td>Side lot line setback</td>
<td>20 feet</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rear lot line setback</td>
<td>20 feet</td>
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(4) Any setback which does not adequately buffer a land development from adjacent residences or otherwise mitigate environment impacts on the community or neighborhood shall be increased as may be necessary to accomplish these purposes and landscaping shall be required to create an effective buffer within 5 years or less. However, the additional buffer area shall be restricted to the minimum required to effectively limit such impacts to the property being developed (e.g., maintain odors, lights, vibrations and noise on-site, ensure that industrial operations are fully screened, etc.).

(5) All setbacks in the case of uses which may generate significant amounts of commercial truck traffic, flood-lighting, noise or odors, including trucking terminals, distribution facilities, amusements parks, auto race tracks, wood products manufacturers, all-night recreational facilities, junkyards or similar enterprises shall be increased to a minimum of 200 feet where off-site water supply and sewage disposal facilities are provided and a minimum of 300 feet where on-site water supply and sewage facilities are used. Landscaping or other buffer screening may be required within these areas if not forested. Also, in those instances where greater setback are demanded by other Township regulations, those greater setbacks shall apply. "Significant" shall mean any degree or amount of impact which can be seen, felt, heard, smelled or otherwise detected by the human senses from two-hundred (200) feet away on a regular and continuing basis.

§ 100-36. Multi-family Dwellings.

A. General Procedure. Multi-family dwelling projects shall be considered major subdivisions and land developments subject to the jurisdiction of this ordinance. The "major subdivision" classification shall apply to all subdivisions of property in connection with the development, regardless of whether or not these are connected with building development, and approvals required shall be requested and acted
upon concurrently as one subdivision. Application for preliminary approval of multi-family dwelling projects, accordingly, will be made to Mount Pleasant Township in the manner provided under Article III hereof. The developer shall also submit the following additional information:

1. An application for multi-family dwelling approval on a form to be supplied by the Township or, in the absence of such form, by a letter or brief from the developer or the developer's representative indicating how the development will meet the general site requirements of this ordinance and otherwise comply with the intent of this section, describing the organization and management of the project.

2. A proposed lot plan showing the approximate (generally within five feet) location of all buildings and improvements including parking areas, planting strips (if any), signs, storm drainage facilities, water supply and distribution system, sewage treatment and collection systems and the specific areas provided as open space in connection with the requirements of this Ordinance. Building layouts, floor plans and profiles shall also be provided indicating building dimensions, numbers, and sizes of units, common ownership or use areas (apart from the open space referenced below), lighting and such other information as shall be required to determine compliance with the design standards contained herein and any other building standards which may be applicable in Mount Pleasant Township. Setbacks from property lines, improvements and other buildings shall also be indicated.

3. A schedule or plan, and proposed agreement(s) either with the Township or a property owners' association for the purpose of dedicating, in perpetuity, the exclusive use and/or ownership of the recreation area and open space required by this Ordinance to the prospective dwelling owners or occupants. Such agreement may be incorporated in the applicant's proposed covenants and restrictions, but shall in any event, provide to the satisfaction of the Township that maintenance and use of the property, regardless of ownership, be restricted to either: (1) activities intended for the sole benefit of the occupants of the particular project proposed, or (2) permanent open space as hereinafter provided.

B. Processing Schedule. The application package shall be processed on a schedule identical with requirements for review and approval of other Preliminary Plans under the Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance including providing the Wayne County Planning Commission with an opportunity to review copies of the entire package.

C. Planning Commission Action. The Township Planning Commission, before recommending action to Board of Supervisors, may also hold a public hearing pursuant to the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code. The Mount Pleasant Township Planning Commission shall then report its findings together with a recommendation for approval, conditional approval or disapproval.

D. Board of Supervisors Action. The Board of Supervisors shall act on the Preliminary Plan and "Planning Module for Land Development" concurrently, making the Preliminary Plan approval, if one shall be given, subject to approval by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). No building permit shall be issued to the applicant, however, until all conditions attached to the approval of any Preliminary Plan, including DEP approval of the "Planning Module" shall have been satisfied and nothing herein shall be construed as permitting the issuance of a building permit prior to Preliminary approval. This requirement notwithstanding, the building permit application shall be made
with the Preliminary Plan and shall, if granted, be valid for a period equal to that for Preliminary Plan approval. If the Preliminary Plan shall be rejected no building permit shall be granted.

E. Installation of Improvements. Following Preliminary Plan approval, the developer shall provide for the installation of required or proposed improvements including, but not limited to; landscaping, streets, parking areas, storm drainage facilities, recreational facilities and lighting. Building improvements shall similarly be completed or guaranteed prior to the applicant's request for Final Approval. No right of occupancy shall, however, exist until such time as Final Plan approval shall have been granted in accordance with the procedures and informational requirements of this ordinance, and buildings have been completed and inspected by the Building Permit Officer. Complete final building plans shall also be submitted as part of the Final Plan application.

F. Recording Requirement. No person shall sell, transfer, lease or agree or enter into an agreement to sell or lease any land and/or building or interests in the individual dwelling units to be created, or erect any building thereon except in accord with the provisions of this Section, unless Final Plan approval has been granted and the Final Plan has been recorded in the Office of the Wayne County Recorder of Deeds.

G. Location. No multi-family development shall be permitted within one-hundred-fifty (150) feet of any existing residence unless there shall be a one-hundred (100) foot setback of all buildings and improvements from the property lines of any adjacent parcels and a seventy-five (75) feet setback from any public right-of-way.

H. Land Area Per Dwelling Unit. Multi-family dwelling projects shall be granted a 100% density bonus above the number of dwelling units per acre which would be permitted if the parcel on which the units are to be constructed were to be developed for single-family residential use. Therefore, where the minimum lot size is 32,670 square feet (3/4 acre) and multi-family dwellings are to be constructed, the number of units permitted shall be obtained by dividing the total tract size in square feet by 16,335 square feet (50% of the minimum lot size). Density, however, shall be calculated by taking the total acreage of the development and deducting the following acreages;

1. Land contained within public rights-of-way
2. Land contained within the rights-of-way of existing or proposed private streets (Where formal rights-of-way are not involved the width of the street shall be assumed as fifty (50) feet wide); and
3. Land contained with the boundaries of easements previously granted to public utility corporations.

I. Recreation Areas and Open Spaces. All areas of a multi-family development not conveyed to individual owners; and not occupied by buildings and required or proposed improvements shall remain as permanent open space or be dedicated to recreation area to be used for the sole benefit and enjoyment of the residents of the particular units being proposed. Such open space shall be part of the same parcel and contiguous and shall be subject to the following regulations:
(1) Recreation areas shall be immediately adjacent to the proposed units and freely and safely accessible to all residents of the development and shall not be used to fulfill open space requirements or provide recreational areas for residents of other units, excepting those provided for in sub-section (2) below. No less than 50% of the open space to be provided shall be dedicated to recreational area for the sole benefit and enjoyment of the residents of the particular units proposed.

(2) Land designated simply as open space shall be maintained as open space and may not be separately sold, used to meet open space or recreation area requirements for other developments, subdivided or developed excepting that a holding zone may be reserved for future development pursuant to density and other zoning requirements as they presently exist, provided such lands are specifically defined and indicated as "reserved for future development" on all plats. Such lands shall not be included in calculating permitted density for the proposed development. These provisions, however shall not be construed as granting or reserving to the developer any rights or privileges to develop on the basis of a "pre-approved plan" if density or other zoning requirements shall have been modified to preclude such development.

(3) Open space areas shall be maintained so that their use and enjoyment as open space are not diminished or destroyed. Such areas may be owned, preserved and maintained by either one or both of the following mechanisms:

(a) Dedication to a property owners association which assumes full responsibility for maintenance of the open space.

(b) Deed-restricted private ownership which shall prevent development of the open space, provide for its maintenance and protect the rights of owners or occupants of dwelling units to use and enjoy, in perpetuity, such portion of the open space as shall have been dedicated to recreation area for the project. This is intended to allow the owner/developer to retain ownership and use of a portion of the property (for hunting, fishing, etc.) provided the permanence of the open space is guaranteed.

Whichever mechanism(s) may be used, the developer shall provide, to the satisfaction of the Township and prior to the granting of any Final Plan approval, for the perpetual maintenance of the open space and also the use and enjoyment of the recreation area by residents of the units being approved. No lots shall be sold nor shall any building be occupied until and unless such arrangements or agreements have been finalized and recorded.

(4) At least fifty (50) percent of the designated recreation area shall be usable for active recreational activities and shall not include swamps, quarries, slopes over 24% in grade, or acreage used for improvements. Storm drainage facilities and sewage effluent disposal areas are considered improvements.

(5) Developments of 50 units or more shall also provide one-half acre of parks and playgrounds per 50 units.

J. Design Criteria. The following design criteria shall apply to multi-family developments;
(1) There shall be no more than ten (10) dwellings in each multi-family building.

(2) No structure shall be constructed within twenty (20) feet of the edge of any access road to or through the development or within ten (10) feet of the edge of any parking area.

(3) Access roads through the development shall comply with minor street requirements as specified in this ordinance and no parking space shall be designed such that a vehicle would be backing or driving out onto a through road. Instead, there shall be a defined entrance and exit to and from each parking area.

(4) No multi-family development shall be served by more than one access to any public highway, unless topography or other physical circumstances would preclude the use of a single entrance in a safe manner.

(5) Two (2) improved parking spaces per dwelling unit shall be provided and for every two (2) units intended for rental or other transient occupancy, one additional space shall be provided to accommodate parking needs during sales and other peak visitation periods.

(6) No more than sixty (60) parking spaces shall be provided in one lot, nor more than fifteen (15) in a continuous row without being interrupted by landscaping. All off-street parking shall be adequately lighted and so arranged as to direct light away from residences.

(7) No structure shall be erected within a distance equal to its own height of any other structure.

(8) Where a property line is not wooded, a planting strip of fifty (50) feet in width shall be required to buffer adjoining property owners and ensure privacy. A landscaping plan shall be prepared by the developer and approved by the Township.

(9) Multi-family developments shall be subject to the stormwater management requirements of this ordinance and facilities shall be designed to accommodate storms of a 10 year frequency unless a more stringent standard shall be recommended by the Township Engineer. The general performance standard shall be that the amount of uncontrolled stormwater leaving the site along any property line after development shall not exceed that estimated for the site prior to development. In instances where stormwater facilities are impractical for engineering reasons the Township Engineer may modify this standard as it applies to a particular project but shall provide for the maximum practical reduction in flow which can be achieved under the circumstances.

K. Water and Sewage Facilities. All multi-family developments shall be served with off-site sewage facilities and water supplies as defined herein.

L. Non-Residential Uses. Non-residential uses shall not be permitted in a multi-family development unless planned as part of a Planned Residential Development. This, however, shall not preclude such ancillary facilities as laundry areas, service buildings, recreational facilities and the like. Where a developer proposes to construct multi-family units on property on which there are existing or proposed non-residential uses (other than ancillary facilities and open space uses) there shall be a minimum
setback of the multi-family structures from such uses of two hundred (200) feet and the parcels shall be clearly segregate.

M. Conversions of Existing Structures. Conversions of motels, hotels or other existing structures to multi-family dwelling use regardless of whether such conversions involve structural alterations, shall be considered subdivisions and land developments and be subject to this ordinance. If the proposed project does involve structural alterations, the Preliminary Plan shall include a certification of a registered architect or engineer to the effect that the existing building is structurally sound and that the proposed conversion will not impair structural soundness.

N. Maintenance of Common Facilities. Maintenance of a multi-project shall be vested (1) an association or other legal entity organized prior to the offering of the first unit for occupancy, or (2) a manager, who may be the developer, or a person designated by the developer before the developer offers a unit for occupancy, or (3) the owners or occupants of units themselves if the total number of owners or occupants within the development is not more than five (5). If the developer shall opt to manage the project or designate a manager, the preliminary application shall include financial statements, a description of previous management experiences and other data sufficient for the Township to ascertain the financial responsibility of the manager.

The association or manager, as the case may be, shall be responsible for maintenance, repair and replacement of the common areas of the development including buildings and, if applicable, the furniture, fixtures and equipment within the units. The project instruments shall specify the expenses which the maintenance organization may incur and collect from purchasers as a maintenance fee and secure maintenance of the project as well as enforcement of applicable covenants and restrictions in perpetuity. The Township may require that a Certified Public Accountant review such financial data for purposes of determining that proposed fees are, in fact, adequate to secure maintenance on a continuing basis.

The developer shall, in filing a Preliminary Plan, provide a narrative description of how responsibility for maintenance and care of the units and common areas will be assured and a pro forma operating budget for the maintenance organization including a breakdown of the common expense to be borne by the maintenance organization and a separation of long-term maintenance costs from on-going routine maintenance costs. There shall also be provided a narrative description of how the developer proposes to assure maintenance and care of the units and common facilities during any sales program, based on which the Township may require additional temporary facilities to accommodate service demands. Copies of all applicable instruments shall be provided, for purposes of determining that long-term arrangements for maintenance of common facilities have, in fact, been made by the developer and/or with the occupants.

Any developer who proposes to construct multi-family dwellings for transient use under the terms of this ordinance and who proposes to convey the common elements of said multi-family dwelling project to an association of purchasers of units therein shall submit a maintenance bond or other performance guarantee acceptable to the Township Solicitor ensuring long-term maintenance and repair of said common elements. Such maintenance bond or other guarantee shall;

(1) Be for a period of not less than fifteen (15) years from the date of the final approval of said multi-family dwelling-transient use by the Township;
(2) Be in an amount equal to the amount collected or to be collected for long-term maintenance (as indicated in the budget referenced above) by the developer or other responsible parties from each purchaser during the first year after sales to such purchases begin, multiplied by the total number of expected purchasers.

If the development shall be subject to the Pennsylvania Uniform Condominium Act or other applicable Commonwealth statutes governing the sale of real property used for multi-family occupancy, the developer shall certify as to his or her compliance with said statutes. To the extent the provisions of such statutes conflict with this sub-section such certifications shall suffice as to conformance with these requirements. If a developer is not subject to the Pennsylvania Uniform Condominium Act he or she shall present an Attorney's opinion to this effect.

§ 100-37. Conservation Subdivisions.

Developments which provide for single-family dwelling units wherein dwelling units are grouped in sections in order to maximize the amount of common open space and to preserve the natural settings, shall be designated as conservation subdivisions. This section is intended to provide for such conservation subdivisions so that landowners might be able to preserve the equity in their land for development purposes while also preserving open space for public benefit. Conservation subdivisions can produce the same return for landowners, reduce the cost of public services, create a far more solid sense of community and truly preserve open space while conventional subdivisions tend to isolate, require more roads and services, reduce the potential for agriculture and consume vast amounts of open space in the name of "preserving rural character." Conservation subdivisions are encouraged and may be required by this ordinance. They shall be processed in the same manner as other major subdivisions and in accord with the standards and procedures which follow.

A. Sketch Plan Requirements. The Planning Commission shall have the authority to require preparation of two Sketch Plans as provided herein, for any subdivision of ten (10) lots or more, one illustrating a conventional subdivision and the other depicting how the property might be developed using the conservation subdivision technique. If this latter Sketch Plan is determined to provide a superior design in accord with the purposes of this ordinance and the same density can be achieved, the Planning Commission may then require use of this technique. This review and decision making process shall take place within the total time frame provided for review of and action on a Preliminary Plan.

B. Permitted Number of Dwelling Units. The maximum permitted number of dwelling units shall be determined by deducting from the total tract area:

(1) All areas within the rights-of-way of any existing or proposed streets; and

(2) All areas occupied by public utility easements.

(3) All wetlands, floodplains, slopes of 15% or more, water bodies and other undevelopable areas.

The net figure shall be divided by the minimum lot size applicable and rounded to the nearest whole number of dwelling units permitted.
D. Dwelling Types Permitted. Only single-family detached and two family dwellings shall be employed in this concept. All other dwelling types shall be considered multi-family dwellings and be subject to the standards of Section 100-36 of this Ordinance.

E. Reduction of Development Standards. Development standards for lot size, lot width and setbacks may be reduced as necessary to create a safe and workable design that maximizes preservation of open space, provided no dwelling structure (single-family or two-family) is located on less than 43,560 square feet of land where on-site sewer and water facilities are to be provided or 16,335 square feet of land where off-site sewer and water facilities are to be provided (half the normal requirements); and further provided the total density (in individual dwelling units) for the tract shall not exceed that which would result from a conventional subdivision plan designed in accord with this ordinance, as determined from the basic Sketch Plan submission. No lot in a conservation subdivision shall exceed 150% of the minimum lot size which otherwise would apply excepting that up to 20% of the open space requirement may be met with estate lots exceeding ten (10) acres in lot area, provided that such lots are limited to one dwelling unit each.

F. Open Space Requirements. No individual parcel of common open space shall be less than one (1) acre except as to roadway median strips, traffic islands, walkways, trails, courtyards, play areas, recreation facilities, drainage ways leading directly to streams, historic sites or unique natural features requiring common ownership protection. No less than 60% of the total land area of the conservation subdivision shall be dedicated to permanent open space. No less than 30% of the this open space shall be usable for active recreational activities and not include wetlands, floodplain, slopes over 15% in grade or other undevelopable area.

G. Protection of Open Space. The open space resulting from conservation subdivision design shall be permanently protected through a conservation easement and generally titled to a property owner's association (POA) prior to the sale of any lots or dwelling units by the subdivision. Membership shall be mandatory for each property owner within the subdivision and successive owners with voting of one vote per lot or unit and the subdivider's control, therefore, passing to the individual lot/unit owners on sale of the majority of the lots or units. All restrictions on the ownership, use and maintenance of common open space shall be permanent and the POA shall be responsible for liability insurance, local taxes, and maintenance of all open space, recreational facilities and other commonly held amenities. Each property owner must be required to pay their proportionate share of the POA's cost and the POA must be able to file liens on the lot/unit owner's property if levied assessments are not paid. The POA must also have the ability to adjust the assessment to meet changing needs.

H. Trail Requirements. All lots and dwelling units shall have direct access to the open space provided in a conservation subdivision and there shall be a system of marked and/or improved trails developed to connect the open spaces with each other and with individual lots and dwelling units.

I. Density Bonus. If the permanent open space created by the conservation subdivision technique is in active agricultural use for the raising of farm animals or crops (not including forestry) and this use is continued and protected by an easement for this purpose, the total number of dwelling units permitted in the conservation subdivision may be increased by up to 20%.
§ 100-38. Exceptions to Land Development Regulations.

These land development regulations shall not apply to the following:

A. Temporary activities.

B. Minor building alterations, repairs or maintenance activities.

C. Agricultural activities.

D. Conversion of single-family dwellings to two-family dwellings.

E. Replacement, rehabilitation or reconstruction of a structure or facility for the same use.

F. Construction of any non-residential structure of less than one-thousand (1000) square feet in floor area which does not involve any of the activities listed in § 100-35.D(5) of this ordinance.

G. Other activities as shall from time to time be designated by the Township Board of Supervisors by resolution.